

Articles

Ilona Liskó
Dormitory students

Because they tend to live in small villages, students from disadvantaged backgrounds usually need dormitory accommodation to pursue their studies. According to national statistics, over fifty thousand students currently enrolled in trade schools are housed in dormitories. Thus, secondary-school dormitories represent a special educational institution with special functions and responsibilities.

Mihály Andor
The success of choosing a high school

In two recent studies I have demonstrated that there is significant correlation between the ownership and structure of high schools and the socio-cultural background of students in those schools. In this paper, I continue the investigation by showing how these students were enrolled in their schools of choice and whether they and their parents are satisfied with the choice.

Beatrix Vincze
The relevance of reform pedagogy in the light of changes in teacher roles

Education as a practice and pedagogy as a theory both experienced a crisis at the end of the twentieth century. New scientific discoveries, new sociological, psychological and biological findings, and a complete change in the social and economic environment have all necessitated a comprehensive reform of the theory and practice of pedagogy. A paradigm shift in the educational system is equally fundamental.

László Márfa Molnár
Philosophy and education

On the surface, the perceived abstract nature of philosophy is contrasted with the practical orientation of education. Howev-

er, since Socrates, an educational thrust has been present at least in approaches that have posited the teachability of knowledge in general and the knowledge of moral good in particular.

Zoltán Balázs
Christianity and value crisis

According to popular wisdom, there is a deep value crisis in Hungary - and in Europe, in western society, in the modern world in general. When Christian values are considered, the situation is even more serious.

Jenő Bárdos
The communicative language teaching approach at the end of the century

A change in attitude took place: teachers started to select language forms according to their functions. It may have become clear to students, too, what functions individual language forms had - together with the fact that to achieve a language aim, there is often more than one language form possible.

Conference papers

Politics, literature and scholarship in Arthur Koestler's work between 1937 and 1954

In the life of Arthur Koestler, born a hundred years ago, the period between 1937 and 1954 represented one of gradual transformations. In his two-volume autobiography, he tells about a change in terms of burning bridges. The about-face, however, that would lead him away from the communist movement, marking the beginning of the period under investigation, was not that dramatic; Koestler got closer to social democracy only gradually. A change in his political convictions brought about a change in his views of ethical and scientific issues as well.

Heller Ágnes

Eureka! Koestler's introduction to the philosophy of nature

In his three relatively late works (The Act of Creation, The Ghost in the Machine, and Janus),

Koestler's final objective was laying the groundwork for a new philosophy of nature.

Szoboszlai Kiss Katalin

On Arthur Koestler's interpretation of Plato

In his Sleepwalkers, Koestler provides a negative interpretation of the greatest figure of classic Greek philosophy, Plato. He points out that he regards Plato a less original cosmologist than Pythagoras. What may lie in the background of this criticism?

Kiss Endre

Sleepwalking and validity: Arthur Koestler's model of development in science

In his monograph Sleepwalkers, published in 1959, Arthur Koestler makes an attempt to chart a critical history of the entirety of modern European science.

Majoros György

Koestler's position on determinism

Although Koestler did not explicitly deal with the notion of determinism as a philosophical problem, he often considered related issues, making it possible to reconstruct and summarize his views on it.

Kollár József

The extended mind as a holonic system: Koestler and cognitive science

It was Arthur Koestler who first used the term holon, the central term of the holonic system, in his work, The Ghost in the Machine. The word refers to a whole that can be divided into parts but is in itself a part of a larger whole.

Surveys

Péter Szemes

Triboulet, a representative of the grotesque

Katalin Cserjés

Script or score?

György Ritter – Judit Egyed

Fact shot

Reviews

János Ugrai

Modernization with a stroke of the pen

(Emil Schultheisz [2004]: The medical professors of the university of Nagyszombat)

György Majtényi

Oral history

(The legacy of the sixties [2004])

Zoltán Csehy

Contortions and distortions

(Zsuzsanna Kulcsár Sz. – Mónika Kulcsár {1997–1999}: Literature I–II.)