

ENGLISH RESUMES

Géza Finszter: The changing policing and the police science

In order to be able to undertake a role in formation of the image of policing, first of all, it has to verify its existence. Those who cast doubts on the existence of such a science, usually blame the researchers they talk about a thing but cannot even define its definition. Let's see the possible definitions.

András Teke: Typified problem of handling of change-related challenges in the policing of our days.

Change is a flow in which there is a move with directed, managed or spontaneous consequences from one real or considered as real situation to another targeted, hoped or determined situation. The changes may be prevented, influenced, handled, subsequently reacted or passively monitored, at the same time, changes which are challenges themselves can generate such new problems which can induce the challenges exponentially when handling.

Antal Kacziba: Public order, private order, public security

Comparing the definitions of policing and private order, we mainly need to refer to that according to the generally accepted view in domestic police sciences, the law of policing is a setting of all legal norms which determine the bearings of a case demanding, enabling or permissive policing measure and prescribe the intervention form of the authority as well.

János Sallai: Policing-related challenges of the globalisation

It is very difficult to take actions against flows of globalisation. Therefore, they have to utilise its advantages, as well as, they have to make people to be prepared for the dangers of globalisation for the security. Serious informative work, crime prevention activity have to be done in order to make people to take care of their personal data, to use the Internet carefully and to get information watchfully when using modern payment means.

Sándor Fórizs: Challenges of the policing – answers of Germany

What kind of challenges can the German society see in the field of policing, security of citizens and to which direction and with what methods do they search for solutions? Answering the question, the essay studies the situation of four German provinces: Berlin, Brandenburg, Saxony and Baden-Württemberg.

Lajos Szabó: The criteria of successful function of the policing as a service

In the state's services the law and order and the public safety are elementary services. The standard of the service depends on the political decisions, financial conditions and the civic

expectations. More experiments happened since decades in Hungary on the analysis of the scope of problems, practical realisation came true partly and from time to time only. Methodology for which the foundations were laid scientifically and practice are not expected changes in his deficiency.

Edina Kriskó: Policing 2.0 as a challenge of communication

By today, the Internet has been become the scene around which the most activities determining people's life are organized from shopping to medical treatment. Obviously, the Web has become the scene of providing public services as well, where public institutions want to forestall the information needs of people.

Andrea Szabó: Conclusions of a research on policing-related training (higher education)

The function, models and possible future directions of the higher education of policing are in the focus of the research. The topic is timing from more aspects considering even the international or home situation and the on-going processes. Probably, the most important and most significant change is the so-called Bologna Process which has launched dramatic reorganisations in the whole European higher education including the training of policing.

Gábor Kovács: Practical solution for theoretical questions of management and organisation at the joint public service exercise of the National University of Public Service in 2013

The National University of Public Service has already organised its first public service exercise in its first whole educational year. The content of this exercise was the organisation, perform and direction of the complex public service, defence and policing tasks of certain organisations in flood defence emergency situation in inland territory.

János Varga: Challenges of security – reactions of training

In the changing social environment, during academic discussion of the policing-related challenges, training cannot be avoided. The hypothesis of the essay is that the responses of policing given to the questions of security challenges cannot go without the reaction done in the training, either.

József Boda: Chapters from the changing world of intelligence gathering

Today, in our dynamically changing world, we can state that significance of information has been valorised. As we know, information is power! For getting it, there is a desperate struggle every day. Due to the latest American wire-tapping scandal it turned out that even the countries in alliance act against each other.

Tamás Kovács: Target groups and their changes in secret service work in Hungary at the civilian age

Since central authority has existed, it has been curious about the thinking, political views, religion of the people under its power and their relation to the power. This interest has increasingly become more important and conscious during history.

Imre Dobák: The international relations of internal and state security radio counter-intelligence in the 60's and 70's.

The secret service tasks came to the front by necessity in the Second World War along the increasing technical development, activities of the intelligence and counter-intelligence using various technical means intensified in the middle of 20th century.

Barnabás Hajas: For what do you need braveness?

One of the keys of the implementing efficient policing solutions in handling mass events could be the creation of a management system and structure based on the separation of strategic, tactic and operational functions and decisions which is applied at law-enforcement agencies (not only Police!) of several European countries. The knowledge-based means of mass handling can be better integrated into this structure than into the present one.

Gyula Gaál – Katalin Molnár: Will it break down what can be broke down? The role of the Media in forming safe and liveable communities

In Pécs, life determined strongly by security is not worse today than it was earlier. This was confirmed by objective facts. It is worth working on that this statement should not be valid only on paper but in reality and local people should feel the same. We have to work on that but only together – citizens, police and the Media as well.

Erika Malét-Szabó: Academic foundation of the selection system of leaders in the home affairs – primer results of a research

Today, the concept of competency is „used” by experts of various fields so it is rather difficult to describe a uniform concept. In the world of work, in HR management we mostly can meet this concept in connection with the definition of work competencies, the competency based selection, staff development, competency-based training and performance evaluation.

Adrienn Szatmári: Examination of problem-solving as a criterion of aptitude from psyche aspect

The criterion of the efficient function of the Police, beyond exact professional tasks and possibilities, is the efficient function of its staff as well. In the evaluation, determination and support of this, the complex professional service of health and psychology plays an important role. It can contribute to organisational flows in several areas.

Krisztina Földesi: Men and women at the Police

The 21st century gives several new challenges for the Police. Beside of those, more issues which seem very old get on the agenda again. Though, beside of external challenges, attention should be paid on the fundamentally influential internal elements of the organisation, as well.

Klára Kiss Pinczésné: Development project of community police officer in terms of quality assurance

The Police are a service organisation whose product is the security. Creation is difficult, reforms are almost constant. Spread of quality assurance principals, views and working methods which brought success in many cases in civil economy, goes slowly, though with thoughtful use of them, the Police could improve its effectiveness and efficiency.

László Zsigovits: The Big Data as one of the big challenges of law-enforcement

The rapid development of the information technology equipment cannot be separated from the fast advance of the information technology. Main characteristics of the equipment are smaller sizes, more functions, mobile application and Internet use. These new information technologies provide several modern services for users, at the same time, they include dangerous risks.

Szabolcs Prisznyák: On-line cooperation in law-enforcement

The article introduces a new option for on-line cooperation among law-enforcement agencies. With application of this kind of cooperation, information can be withdrawn from the penal institution database. The author describes the obstacles and difficulties of the current solution, as well as, introduces a new possibility supported by modern information technology equipment and methods. At the end of the essay, experiences are summarised.

Miklós Polgár: Reimbursement order of the costs in connection with intervention by the law-enforcement agencies

In disaster recovery several interventions take place throughout the county every day. Consequently, costs mean heavy burden on the organisation. This essay examines the legislation concerning the reimbursement possibility of the intervention costs of the disaster recovery directorates. Two objectives are pointed out for the establishment of the widest circle of the reimbursement of intervention and for the increase of the efficiency and swiftness of the procedure.

Kund Regényi: Establishment and experiences of the integrated Duty Department of the Constitution Protection Office

Examining the structure of the law-enforcement agencies, it can be stated that they basically follow the lineal model, reflecting the conservative organisational traditions. In most cases, this model helps to solve the tasks when a unit has to deal with one or one type of task. In

certain sizes of the organisation or in case of the organisation has to solve complicated or complex task system independently, application of a matrix system-based organisational model may become necessary.

József Gubicza: Establishment, scenes and implementation of training systems for integrated disaster recovery organisations

The tasks of the educational field are multiple, it carries out tasks of preparation, training of the whole staff, including tasks in connection with organisation and management of trainings, as well as, it provides national professional control of the educational field.

Gábor Kurunczi: State reactions to the extreme weather situations and protection of the fundamental human rights

In the first quarter of 2013, there were several extraordinary weather situations in Hungary, which made citizens and the competent handling authorities face with challenges they have not experienced recently. Primarily, the sudden heavy snowing and in March, it was escorted by extremely strong wind and they caused tie-ups. Due to the conditions in the territories hit by the extraordinary weather, the group of people concerned disadvantageously in disaster recovery situations, repeatedly appeared as protected social group.

Renáta Antal: Consequences of extreme weather situations of recent times – analysis of the tasks of disaster recovery in the mirror of new challenges in Hungary

Recently, we can read and hear more about global climate change and increase of extreme weather situations. Unfortunately, we cannot only hear or read about them but experience them ourselves. In recent years, more unpredictable natural disasters hit peoples in the world and there were quite many in Hungary, as well.

Dávid Nyéki: The necessity of approach shift in the private security sector

In this study, I will discuss the role, perspectives and possibilities of the private security sector in the 21st century, as well as, the linking duties that I consider the most important. Looking for the answer to what changes may be introduced to upswing the inland private security sector.

Béla Galántai: Interpretation of the measure in the work of security guard

Even if the security guard work is not of policing but it is an activity with policing characteristics and it plays role in improvement of the public security as well. With a view to the codification process, this study looks through such implementation conditions which necessary for making security guard work a real part of keeping public security.

Gyula Bíró: The role and significance of the trainband in improvement of the Hungarian public security

The security – within this, public security is one of the most important demand in people's life in Hungary. In wider sense, we can talk about a policing system of which trainband-relations appear in this study.

György Rietz: Hazards of migration

Half of a decade has passed since the biggest growth of the Schengen area. I thought this time is enough to examine the challenges of the so called „Schengen Land” and to see what are the tendencies and what can be expected in the future according to the collect statistical data.

Péter Csepregi –Zoltán Katz –Erika Marek: Health survey regarding migration at the borders of the Schengen area of Hungary

The increasing illegal migration of the past years can mean on the one hand an important employment-related health risk on the crew of security forces and on the other hand a public health risk to the people. The results of the rapidly growing tendency of migration needed to be measured concerning health issues in Hungary. This article shows the results of this survey, our experiences and conclusions.

Antal Kricskovics: Estimating the age of minor migrants –medical possibilities and expectations of migration law

The numbers of illegal migration has shown a continuously major growth in the past years in Hungary, so the number of migrants has also grown significantly who does not have any kind of official document to confirm his data of birth. If the migrant arrived without a companion and he cannot verify his identity and that he is actually a minor – thus his age – with a credible document and the suspicion of the authorities arises that he is indeed of legal age, medical examination is necessary to determine the age.

Éva Nyári: The use of the most recent techniques in preventing illegal migration

When the member states of the European Union established the area based on free movement and terminated the control of the common borders, they laid down the foundations of the necessary common defence against illegal migration. Nowadays the member states of the EU not only face the increasing risk of terrorism but the migrants illegally crossing their borders in the pursuit of a better life.

József Balla: Biometric data in identification

As opposed to identification of forensic science, the identification of a migration purpose has barely any scientific bibliography. The aim of the two types of identification is the same but they differ significantly in the time for execution, the place of execution and the methods.

Zoltán Klenner: Migration custody and the necessity of its introductions

The main change in the law on migration and immigration after its modification in July 2013 was that migration custody was introduced. The press regarding migration was most interested – besides the daily „actualities” (arrests on the green border, opening of the recipient station at Vámosszabadi) – in this element of the modification of the law.

Aranka Lőrincz: Homelessness and the limits of freedom of movement

Homelessness (lack of citizenship) burdens the accessibility to the one's fundamental rights. The right to citizenship is a basic human right, since there is no less on the line than the right to access rights. Such rights are among others the freedom of movement which includes both the movement within a nation's borders and through international borders as well.

Ilona Szuhai: The first Turkish steps in the establishing a modern migration management

The study draws the attention to the recent developments took place in the Turkish migration management which could have impact on the illegal migration towards Hungary. The author gained experiences within the framework of the Immigration Liaison Officer (ILO) Project of the Office of Immigration and Nationality.

Attila Sebestyén: The record of the experience on border administration, the preservation of the systemized knowledge

It is striking evidence of the accomplishment and perfection of the scientific knowledge on border administration that the permanent development of professional education is not only the central issue of professional training and higher education, but the education shows up both as a subject of research and as independent issue of scientific public life.

Zoltán Potocki: Dimensions of custom and revenue officers control

From the small community to the developed societies, you can find everywhere certain control mechanisms and systems. The control has a significant role in the functioning of a state, it might even be said that it penetrates its administration, the public administration. The main control areas of the National Tax and Customs Office are taxes, inland revenue and customs.

Antal Szendi: Questions of Custom Law and Procedure of the movements of military troops

When people see a military vehicle, tactical equipment and various kinds of military engineering defence technology products, they think of many things but the custom regulation concerning them. This article wants to introduce this regulation in detail.

Csaba Fenyvesi: Basic questions of forensic science

Holding someone criminally responsible, the use of substantial criminal law within the limits of criminal procedure law cannot be imagined without the base and knowledge of facts. This necessitates the deployment of the arsenal of forensic science tools.

Dániel Antal: Can the investigation be public?

The first stage of the criminal procedure is the investigation, which aims to find the perpetrator and to clear up the committed crime, to find and to secure means of evidence. The basic principle of the investigation is secrecy and not publicity, but the question remains that to what extent can the investigation become public.

István Zsolt Máté: The practice of digital investigation, or else the judicial expert on informatics

Technology including informatics appears on more and more areas of life. Due to this fact, criminal acts and the investigation thereof meets more frequently tangible (hardware) and intangible (software and new behaviour samples) issues of technology.

Viktória Jáde Várdai: Szakértői vélemények megbízhatósága és validitása

The reliability and validity in the criminal procedure are different terms though in many cases – completed with force and dependability – they are used wrongly as synonyms.

Miklós Angyal: Use of security and CCTV recordings in forensic

Many argue against the increasing number of security and CCTV cameras in their neighbourhood with the Orwell-like „*Thw big brother is watching...*” almost overused sentence, while others do the same by mentioning the model of Foucault Panopticon and referring to the violation of the freedom of an individual and self-determination.

József Orbán: The examination of the Bayesian networks in police administration

The fast and effective intervention in police work have always been of a fundamental value, and the appropriate use of the Bayesian networks can give the necessary assistance in order to tackle the challenges thereof. The estimation of fast interventions can play a role both in tracking a criminal in forensic science and in preventing the unwanted growth of certain mass demonstration.

Melinda Hengl: Can the sex be terminated from handwriting?

Researches prove that there are several features which can be traced mostly in men's or women's handwriting. By estimating such features complexity the sex of the writer can be established to a certain probability.

Orsolya Horváth: The possibilities and limits of future research on human scent

According to the national and international practice, the forensic comparison of the scent as a biological residue (so called scent-identification) takes almost always place with the use of dogs trained for this purpose. This method differs on many levels from the expectations of the legislator and law enforcement authorities regarding forensic examinations and thus its results are questioned.

Gézáné Horváth: Analysis of the degree of concentration of pneumatic and blood alcohol

The stage of drunk driving and alcoholic influence can be measured throughout the world by medical examination of the degree of concentration of the content of ethyl alcohol of the air blown out (so called pneumatic alcohol) and the ethyl alcohol of the venous blood (blood alcohol), and by forming a legal opinion thereof.

Gergely Gárdonyi: Ordering inspection

Conducting inspection regarding certain types of crimes has in made forensic scientist interested for more than half century. You can find many arguments against and in favour in this regard. Examining these arguments it seems to be necessary to group these arguments according to legal and forensic scientific point of view, and then bring them up-to-date and complete.

Balga Jozsef: Mutual criminal legal aid in the jurisdiction of the European Union

The codification of criminal and misdemeanour law takes place within European scopes at present. Though significant international institutions look after the harmonization of the criminal rules. It is a fact that contract among states has established common procedural rules regarding police and justice cooperation.

Mátyás Hegyaljai: The new legal basis of the Europol

It can be stated safely concerning policing that Europol is the most important agency in European cooperation, since it conducts exchange of information among memberstates in the greatest number regarding terrorism, organized and other serious crimes.

József Urszán: The significance of estimating the threat of organized crime in the European Union

The latest initiatives regarding the internal security of the EU were aimed mostly at the reform of the former solutions of the professional policy making. The adjusted fight against one of the most important threats, the international organized crimes can be done by utilizing better the already existing resources that strengthens one another.

Erzsébet Amberg: Thoughts on policing hate crimes

This paper will present the attempts to define offences marked as „hate crimes”, then having outlined the Hungarian examples, it will explore from a normative judicial perspective which statutes of criminal law provide protection against hate crimes.

Jaroslav Rapčan – Michaela Rapčanová: A bűnözés társadalmi hatásai

In the contribution, the authors deal with the social relevance of the general criminality offenses. In the first part of the contribution, they analyze content and scope of the term general criminality. The second part of the contribution discusses the social relevance of the general criminality offenses.

Zán Krisztina Görbe Attiláné: Scientific researchers of internal affairs, organization of research and the changing policing

A conference examining the actual challenges of the changing policing cannot be complete, if we don't mention the remodelled scientific work on internal affairs, and its place within the changing policing.

László Christián: Research workshop on theory of the police

According to concordant opinion of the national scholars of police science, the biggest debt of police science is that only a very few scientific research, professional workshop care about this questioned field. However, there is a demand to study police science presuming that the researchers and professional workshops will be part of forming the new police rules, and the result of their researches will be taken into consideration.

Zsolt Dalnoki: The person and tasks of the local committee of defence

This short article – with regard to the limits on length – will introduce the the tasks of the local committee of defence and the changes in the person of the secretary after January 1st 2013.

Márk Vajda: Police-related scene of damage, the white spot of life-saving

The term „*scene of damage*” is a frequently used expression among scholars of life-saving science. It generally means the scene of an incident or injury needing immediate attendance.

Zoltán Ambrus: The actions of the Police Headquarter of County Baranya regarding the prevention of letting juveniles become victims

Delinquency has exploded since the change of regime in Hungary. Most of the known crimes violates the property and personal safety of the people directly, and affects the quality of life unfavourably. The number of crimes committed against juveniles has also grown, which gives excessive work to the authorities ever since.