

HÍREK

A Magyar Pszichoanalitikus Egyesület az idén is megrendezi hagyományos, immár negyedik októberi konferenciáját. A konferencia címe: „Határhelyzetek” (határhelyzet a patológiában [borderline], határhelyzet a fejlődés folyamatában [pubertás és ennek terápiás következményei], határhelyzet mint traumatogén tényező, határhelyzet a képzésben: pszichoanalitikus ismeretek laikusoknak, a szupervízió mint határ-

helyzet: analízis és tanítás stb.). A konferencia előadói az egyesület tagjai és tagjelöltjei, a külföldi társegyesületek tagjai és hazai meghívott előadók lesznek. A konferencia helyszíne a Stefánia Palota (a Magyar Honvédség Művelődési Háza, Budapest, XIV., Stefánia út 34.) Időpontja: 1997. október 24–25. A részletes információkat később közöljük.

*A Magyar Pszichoanalitikus Egyesület
Konferenciaszervező Bizottsága*

E számunk magyar szerzői

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THALASSA is the journal of the Sándor Ferenczi Society, Budapest.

THALASSA is the title of Sándor Ferenczi's classical work.

THALASSA symbolically refers to the sea, the womb, the origin, the source.

THALASSA is an interdisciplinary journal devoted to free investigations in psychoanalysis, culture and society.

THALASSA has roots in the historical traditions of Hungarian psychoanalysis, but is not committed to any particular school or authority.

THALASSA welcomes all original contributions, historical, theoretical, or critical, dealing with the common problems of psychoanalysis and the humanities.

The first issue of THALASSA (1990/1) is based on the proceedings of the first scientific conference of the Sándor Ferenczi Society, held in Budapest, 1989, under the title Psychoanalysis and Society. The second issue (1991/1) is devoted to the life and work of Sándor Ferenczi. The third issue of our review (1991/2) deals with the relationship between psychoanalysis and hermeneutics. The fourth issue (1992/1) is devoted to the problems of the relationship between psychoanalysis and politics. The fifth issue (1992/2) is a memorial volume devoted to the life and work of Géza Róheim. The sixth issue (1993/1) contains psychoanalytic studies on language, fiction and cognition. The seventh issue (1993/2) is devoted to the life work of the French psychoanalyst Jacques Lacan. The focus theme of the eighth and ninth issue (1994/1–2) are the effects and aftereffects of the Holocaust — from both psychoanalytic and psychosocial point of view. This issue commemorates the fiftieth anniversary of the Holocaust in Hungary. The tenth and eleventh issue (1995/1–2) contains articles on the relationship between psychoanalysis, postmodernism, art, and mass phenomena. The main topic of the twelfth issue (1996/1) is the relationship between psychoanalysis and feminism and related issues. The thirteenth issue (1996/2) is devoted to the life and work of Leopold Szondi, the founder of “fate analysis”, and published as well a series of newly discovered pre-psychoanalytic writings of Sándor Ferenczi. In our fourteenth issue we continued the series on psychoanalysis and feminism, and we published — among others — texts by Marcel Proust, Georg Groddeck and Bruno Bettelheim.

In the next, 1997/2 issue will contain, among others, articles on history of psychoanalysis in Russia and in other East European countries. We also plan to start a new series on the Hungarian psychoanalytic emigration to France. At first, we present the work of Béla Grünberger and Iván Fónagy.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PRESENT ISSUE (1997/1)

The thematic part of the present issue deals with the postmodern intersections between philosophy and psychoanalysis. In his introductory essay **Psychoanalysis**

after *Weltanschauung* ANTAL BÓKAY suggests that the idea of this important relation goes back to the early days of psychoanalysis. Freud discussed the theme in a full chapter in the *New Introductory Lectures on Psychoanalysis* (1933). Modern psychoanalysis, first of all, American ego psychology, accepted Freud's attitude that relegated psychoanalysis into the realm of scientific *Weltanschauung*, "world-view", as the only objective and reliable mode of understanding in the modern world.

Postmodern philosophy, however, questioned the absolute axiomatic position of the scientific world-view, and explored its bases that were understood as unquestionable before. One of the most influential author of this trend is JACQUES DERRIDA whose essay **Conjoint interpretations** is published in our **MAJOR ARTICLES** section. This essay (a chapter from Derrida's 1980 book entitled *The Post Card — From Socrates to Freud and Beyond*) deconstructs the meaning and the interpretative background of Freud's famous observation concerning his grandson's play *fort-da*.

We also publish her a text entitled **What is the death instinct?** by GILLES DELEUZE, who, ever since his *Anti-Oedipus*, written together with Félix Guattari, showed the crucial role of the repressed social subjectivity as an essential interpretative force that questions the objective, scientific understanding of the psyche.

The same rhetorical shift in the position of the interpretator is the theme of PHILIPPE LACOU-LABARTHE's essay **Theatrum Analyticum** that deals with the problem of representation and with connected ideas in Freud's early, but in the then unpublished paper *Psychopathic Characters on the Stage*.

JOLÁN ORBÁN in her article **Different readings of Freud: Lacan and Derrida** discusses the similarities and differences of the major postmodern approaches to psychoanalysis, namely, Derrida's philosophy and Lacan's psychoanalysis. She argues that Lacan placed more emphasis on the disintegrated, or the non-integrated subject, and was less concerned, in contrast to Derrida, the rhetorical rewriting position of the interpretative process.

GÁBOR KATONA's essay **Modern pragmatism and psychoanalysis. Rorty's ironical esthete on the analytical couch** offers an analysis of the ideas of the American philosopher Richard Rorty. According to the author, Rorty's approach evolved from formal linguistic philosophy, but his encounter with pragmatism helped him to state and analyse the postmodern position of subjectivity. The use of psychoanalysis as a post-Cartesian understanding of the individual, helped him to describe the fluid nature of human individuality.

The **MAJOR ARTICLES** section contains two more articles. JUDITH BUTLER's essay **Contingent foundations: feminism and the question of "postmodernism"** deals with the problem of the status of subjectivity in postmodern discourses and its relationship to modern feminism. In his article **The inherent transgression, or the obscenity of power** SLAVOJ ŽIŽEK discusses the relationship between Lacanian psychoanalysis, postmodern multiculturalism and power relations.

In our **WORKSHOP** section we publish GYÖRGY PÉTER HÁRS's contribution entitled **Tithonos and Mickey Mouse**, which deals with the problem of human neothenia as reflected in Géza Róheim's theory. The author argues that human neothenia is an eminently psychological phenomenon irrespectively of the truth of its biological foundation. We also publish ANDREA RITTER's article **Stephen Hawking's wonderful journey** that is analysis of the relationship between creativity and illness on the example of the great physicist Stephen Hawking.

In our **BOOKS** section we publish André Haynal's review on the recent Hungarian translation of Sándor Ferenczi's *Clinical Diary*.

We accept contributions in Hungarian, English, German or French. Authors are requested to provide their papers with an English and/or Hungarian summary. Original articles, reviews, reflections, and suggestions should be sent to Dr. Ferenc Erős, Institute of Psychology of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Teréz krt. 13., H-1067 Budapest. Phone: (36-1) 322-0425, fax: (36-1) 342-0514. E-mail address: feros@orange.okt.cogpsyphy.hu

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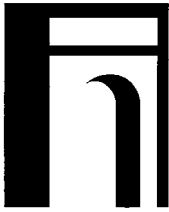
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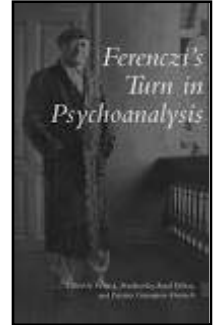
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FERENCZI'S TURN IN PSYCHOANALYSIS

Edited by Peter L. Rudnytsky, Antal Bókay, and
Patrizia Giampieri-Deutsch

***"An indispensable volume for any serious scholar working on
Ferenczi."***

**—Patrick J. Mahoney, author of *Freud's Dora:
A Psychoanalytic, Historical, and Textual Study***



Sigmund Freud's role in the history and development of psychoanalysis continues to be the standard by which others are judged. One of the most remarkable features of that history, however, is the exceptional caliber of the men and women Freud attracted as disciples and coworkers. One of the most influential, and perhaps overlooked, was the Hungarian analyst Sándor Ferenczi. Apart from Freud, Ferenczi is the analyst from that pioneering generation who addresses most immediately the concerns of contemporary psychoanalysts. He has come to represent not only a complement but a powerful alternative to Freud.

In *Ferenczi's Turn in Psychoanalysis*, fifteen eminent scholars and clinicians from six different countries provide a comprehensive and rigorous examination of Ferenczi's legacy. Although the contributors concur in their assessment of Ferenczi's stature, they often disagree in their judgments about his views and his place in the history of psychoanalysis. For some, he is a radically iconoclastic figure whose greatest contributions lie in his challenge to Freudian orthodoxy; for others, he is ultimately a classical analyst who built on Freud's foundations. Divided into three sections, "Contexts and Continuities," "Disciple and Dissident," and "Theory and Technique," the essays in *Ferenczi's Turn in Psychoanalysis* invite the reader to take part in a dialogue, in which the questions are many and the answers open-ended.

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